1 CHURCH OF SÃO JOÃO BAPTISTA

Built side-by-side with *Corredoura* (traditional commercial street), this church was built in the l6th-century over existing 12th- century structures. The façade, in Gothic-flamboyant style, has a portal with *alfiz*. The Manueline octagonal clock tower has Visigothic motifs on its base (funerary pediment displaying two confronted animals flanking a fleur-de-lis). Inside the church, notable features include the painting attributed to the 14th-century artist Gregório Lopes and the Flemish triptych representing the Baptism of Christ.



2 SYNAGOGUE

This is the oldest synagogue in Portugal. It was built from scratch in the middle of the old Jewish Quarter set up by Prince Henry the Navigator and still preserves its original character. Closed after the expulsion of Jews by King Manuel I, it has served several purposes such as a jail and a warehouse. Today, it houses the Jewish Museum Abraão Zacuto. Of the original elements, four columns and the acoustic system (clay pitchers embedded in the walls) still remain intact.



3 LOPES-GRAÇA MEMORIAL HOUSE

Lopes-Graça was born in Tomar in December 1906. Some personal belongings and his birth certificate can still be seen in the building where he was born, now converted into memorial house. Music scores and other items bear witness to his intense artistic and political activity.

4 LEVADA DE TOMAR CULTURAL COMPLEX

Building complex with a relevant timeline, from the medieval period, through the modern age to contemporary times. Several buildings stand out among the equipment that has been successively built or adapted over the centuries, such as old water mills and oil presses, two old flour mills, a foundry and the Power Station.



5 ESTAUS

Prince Henry the Navigator, appointed governor of the Order of Christ by his father, King João I, has lived in Tomar. Among other works, he ordered the construction of the *Estaus* or *Paços da Ribeira*, hostels designed to lodge the people who came to the city on the orders of the Prince such as officials of the kingdom and nobles.

6 CASA DOS CUBOS

In the 15th century, it served as a warehouse for the rents in kind received by the Order of Christ. Recently renovated, it gained a peculiar aesthetic specifically designed for cultural purposes. Currently, it houses the Centro de Estudos em Fotografia de Tomar with the aim of developing activities associated with the study, research and promotion of photographic culture.

7 CHURCH OF SANTA MARIA DO OLIVAL

Built over a former Benedictine monastery, this 13th-century-Gothic church has, since the early beginnings of the nation, contained the spirit of the Knights Templar. It has served as a Pantheon for Templar Masters such as D. Gualdim Pais, whose tombstone can still be found there. In addition to the Templar vestiges, the rose and the bell tower (old Roman watchtower) are also outstanding features. The side chapels date back from the 14th-century renovation.



8 CHAPEL OF SANTA IRIA

Old secluded retreat, the Convent of *Santa Iria* has been built over a Visigothic monastery. It has been stage to the martyrdom of the city's patron saint, Santa Iria. Rebuilt in the 16th century, the church boasts a decorated portal and window in renaissance style. The "Calvary", altarpiece attributed to João de Ruão, dominates the Valles Chapel.

9 D. MANUEL I BRIDGE OR OLD BRIDGE

Locally known as "Ponte Velha", it has been subjected to many changes across the centuries, specially in the 16th century, but still preserves its Roman architectural character.

10 RODA DO MOUCHÃO

A legacy from the Arabs, this water wheel is an ex-libris of the city! Made of wood and boasting a series of clay paired buckets, it is an echo of past times when it drove mills and olive presses and irrigated the crops along the river banks.

11 NÚCLEO DE ARTE CONTEMPORÂNEA (NAC

Twentieth-century building that houses an interesting Portuguese contemporary art collection donated by Professor José-Augusto França, an illustrious art historian and critic born in Tomar, as a sign of the friendly relations he has always maintained with his hometown. The City Hall gallery for temporary exhibitions is part of this art centre.

12 OPEN COLLECTION - MUSEUM OF MATCHES

In Tomar, there is a unique museum in Portugal and definitely one of the most original in Europe and the world: the Museum of Matches. It hosts a collection of more than 60 thousand matchboxes, labels and matchbooks donated by the Tomarborn Aquiles da Mota Lima to the Municipality in 1980.

13 MATA NACIONAL DOS SETE MONTES

With the foundation of the Order of Christ arises, in lands which already belonged to the Templars, this walled forest area known as *Cerca do Convento*, a secluded farmland which would later be served by the Philippine irrigation system. This city lung is the ideal location for a stroll and for discovering bucolic retreats such as the *Charolinha*, a classic miniature temple in Romanesque style.



14 TEMPLAR CASTLE

Built by order of D. Gualdim Pais in 1160 in the image of Middle- East castles, it boasts evidences of defence techniques, such as the alambor adossed to the great outer wall, which were used in the battles against the Moors during the reign of King Afonso Henriques. It was divided into three parts: the Almedina – the beginning of the village; the Arms Square and the Citadel with the military zone and Keep. The castle walls also comprised the *Charola*, a religious rotunda-shaped building which has later been adapted to serve as top of the nave of the Manueline church. In the 14th century, with the construction of the Convent of Christ, it has undergone major alterations.



15 CONVENT OF CHRIST [World Heritage]

Incorporated in the Castle grounds and built from the 12th-century *Charola*, the Convent was home to the Order of Christ from the 14th century onwards. This colossal building bears witness to prominent figures of Portuguese history such as Prince Henry the Navigator who, apart from his own residence, ordered the construction of two cloisters. The 14th-century church and cloisters date back to King Manuel I and his son João III. Filipe II, who became king at the *Cortes de Tomar* ordered the construction of the Main Cloister and other impressive works such as the *Pegões* Aqueduct.



16 CHAPEL OF NOSSA SENHORA DA CONCEIÇÃO

Standing on the slopes of the castle hill, with a privileged view over the city, this chapel designed by João de Castilho is a superb example of the Renaissance style.

17 CAPELA DE S. GREGÓRIO

Exquisite 14th-century octagonal temple topped by renaissance dome. The door boasts a Manueline decoration that resembles the one in the Chapter Window of the Convent of Christ.

historic trail **AMOT**



USEFUL INFORMATION

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MATA NACIONAL DOS SETE MONTES

COMPLEMENTARY TRAIL

TEMPLAR CASTLE

CONVENT OF CHRIST

CHAPEL OF NOSSA SENHORA DA CONCEIÇÃO

CHAPEL OF **SÃO GREGÓRIO**

You cannot leave Tomar

get to the end of the trail, head over to the Praca

da República again, climb

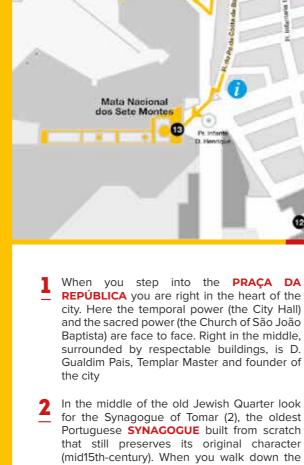
CITY HALL BUILDING and

up the stairs behind the

without visiting the **TEMPLAR**

CASTLE AND THE CONVENT OF CHRIST. When you

walk across the CALCADA **DE SANTIAGO**. Feel like a pilgrim as you follow this short trail of the First European Cultural Itinerary To reach the CASTLE AND THE CONVENT OF CHRIST you may also follow the historic-natural trail of the MATA NACIONAL DOS SETE MONTES (13). To do so, take the Pé da Costa de Baixo street, at the end of which you'll find the statue of Prince Henry the Navigator right in front of the Tourist Office. Become lost in the fresh, green scents of the luxurious vegetation, in the delightful architectural romantic details and follow the trail to the top of the mountain where D. Gualdim Pais has erected the **TEMPLAR CASTLE** (14). Either you follow one trail or the other, once you get to the Templar Castle listen to the stones whispering stories of old battles in the Castle and step into the intricate labyrinth of cloisters of the **CONVENT** OF CHRIST (15). This monumental set has been declared World Heritage by the UNESCO (1983) and is part of the UNESCO World Heritage Route along with other monasteries such as Alcobaça, Batalha and Jerónimos. As you descend the slope through the Calçada de Santo André, make a detour and enjoy the spectacular view over the Nabão river from the Chapel of NOSSA SENHORA DA CONCEIÇÃO (16). At the end of the trail admire the Manueline details of the buildings in Largo do Pelourinho. The CHAPEL OF **SÃO GREGÓRIO** (17) is also worth a visit.



Chapel of Nossa Senhora da Conceição

Templar Castle

0

Convent of Christ

0

Chapel of São

0

Church of São

Lopes-Graça Memorial House

B

- In the middle of the old Jewish Quarter look for the Synagogue of Tomar (2), the oldest Portuguese **SYNAGOGUE** built from scratch that still preserves its original character (mid15th-century). When you walk down the street, be sure not to miss the remarkable decorations and architectural details. A bit further, on the left, two 15th-century windows retain their original charm.
- Visit the LOPES-GRAÇA MEMORIAL HOUSE (3), the place of birth of this leading figure of the 20th-century culture.
- When you reach the **LEVADA** an area which has been gained out of the river in the reign of King Manuel I, admire the inventiveness of our ancestors and the close, century-old relationship between the inhabitants and the river. The water turned the wheels of the old

presses and mills of Ribeira Grande and gave impetus to the flour mills and the Power Station, vestiges of a golden period of industrialisation in Tomar - now recovered and used for tourism and cultural purposes (Cultural Complex of Levada) (4).

Sports centre

(9)

Cultural

Complex of Levada

Casa dos Cubos

- Keep straight ahead and when you reach the roundabout discover the ESTAUS (5). Admire the arches, isolated and embedded in the building façade, among other vestiges.
- On the banks of the Nabão, the CASA DOS **CUBOS** (6), awarded with the international prize of architecture, confers a contemporary glimpse to the city landscape. From this point and continuing along the riverside you'll see the campanile of the Church of Santa Maria
- As you cross the river, stop and enjoy the panorama. The river, the houses, the green patch of Mata dos Sete Montes and the walls of the Templar Castle intermingle harmoniously. Feel like a templar and unveil architectural marks of past eras. Visit the CHURCH OF SANTA MARIA DO OLIVAL (7) and, once there, try to imagine the path of legendary tunnels which, according to tradition, led to the castle.

may buy traditional pastry. Almost at the end of the street, take a look at the oldest cafe in Tomar. To do the walk, just follow the numbers.

i tourist office

P parking

motor-home park

START YOUR TOUR FROM the Casa

Vieira Guimarães. Enjoy the superb view to the walls of the Templar Castle and

the Convent of Christ uphill topped by

been named after the military trainings

by "correr as lanças" [jousting]. In each

side of this traditional commercial street,

admire the various art nouveau facades covered with mosaic tiles. If you wish, you

Corredoura street, the main artery running through the historic centre, which has

the knights templar used to do here known

8 When you cross the Arco das Freiras, discover the **CONVENT OF SANTA IRIA** (8) and visit its chapel.

Church of Santa Maria do Olival

Ø

- Keeping to the left bank of the river, you'll have the opportunity to admire the **OLD BRIDGE** (9) and feel the heart of the city. And why not enjoying the sports centre?
- 10 At the time of Prince Henry the Navigator, the old city has expanded with the management of the riverbanks. From the various original islets, only the MOUCHÃO has been preserved until today. Cross the river walking through the pedestrian bridge and delight yourself with the majesty of the trees. The MOUCHÃO WHEEL (10), an Arabian legacy and crucial for irrigation in past times, has become an exlibris of the city.
- 11 If you still have time, pop on down to the CONTEMPORARY ART CENTRE (NAC) (11) and try the local pastry if you didn't have the opportunity to do it yet.
- 12 Be sure to visit the collection of 60,000 matchboxes, labels and matchbooks in the only museum of its kind in Portugal. OPEN **COLLECTION - MUSEUM OF MATCHES**